## CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME

STREAM SURVEY FILE FORM

RM No.....

NAME. PIG PEN GULCH	Mendocino	
STREAM SECTIONFROM. MOUTH	TO EXTREME headwaters LENGTH 1-3/4	
TRIBUTARY TOBig River	14W	
other namesunknown		
sources of DATA. personal observations		

EXTENT OF OBSERVATION	EXTENT OF OBSERVATION - This tributary was walked out from the mouth	
Include Name of Surveyor, Date, Etc. LOCATION	to the headwaters a distance of 1 1/2 miles on 5-29-59 by S. N. Nye.	
RELATION TO OTHER WATERS	LOCATION- This tributary heads approx. 2 1/2 miles south of Two Rock	
GENERAL DESCRIPTION Watershed	lookout and flows south to enter Big River one mile west of Martin Cr.	
Immediate Drainage Basin Altitude (Range)	RELATION TO OTHER WATERS - This stream is a minor spawning tributary to	
Gradient	the headwaters of the main branch of Big River.	
Width Depth	GENERAL DESCRIPTION - Watershed and Immediate Drainage Basin -	
Flow (Range) Velocity	This tributary is located in a rugged mountainous redwood, Douglas fir	
Bottom Spawning Areas	drainage. The stream flows through a relatively small dens el- wooded	
Pools Shelter	lodged over forest. The forest contains redwood, Douglas fir, madrone,	
Barriers Diversions	oak, willow, bay and chaparral.	
Temperatures	Altitude - Unknown.	
Food Aquatic Plants	Gradient - Moderate in lower and middle section becoming steep in the	
Winter Conditions Pollution	headwaters section.	
Springs FISHES PRESENT AND SUCCESS	Depth - Average 2 inches - (1-2 in.).	
OTHER VERTEBRATES	Width -  2 ft. (1-3 ft.).	
FISHING INTENSITY OTHER RECREATIONAL USE		
ACCESSIBILITY OWNERSHIP		
POSTED OR OPEN IMPROVEMENTS		
PAST STOCKING GENERAL ESTIMATE	Bottom - " small -gravel, silt, sand, rubble and bedrock.	
RECOMMENDED MANAGEMENT SKETCH MAP	Spawning Areas - poor throughout (no desirable spawning areas in upper	
REFERENCES AND MAPS	headwaters section ; fair to poor spawning areas in middle and lower	
	section.	
Pools - Good development. Abundant. Average 3' x 5' x 1 ft. consisting of bedrock,		
undercut banks, fallen logs and jams.		
Shelter - Abundant in the form of riparian growth, heavy horsetail and undercut banks.		
Barriers - See attached.		
Diversions - Not observed.		
Temperatures - Average 59° (55-63).		
Food - Caddis fly, mayfly, stonefly, dipthera and other unidentified insects appearing		
to be abundant.		
Aquatic Plants - Not observed.		
Winter Conditions - Appear to be mild and subject to normal heavy winter fluctuating		
runoff. Average bank 15' wide and 5' deep.		
Pollution - Only heavy poor logging practice observed.		
<u>Springs</u> - Common throughout middle section.		
FISHES PRESENT AND SUCCESS - Only one 2-inch rainbow trout-steelhead observed below		
jam and barrier No 29. considered to be of no success.		
Other Vertebrates - Frogs, snakes and deer abundant. Salamanders appear to be few in		

 $\underline{Other\ Vertebrates}$  - Frogs, snakes and deer abundant. Salamanders appear to be few in number.

FISHING INTENSITY - Unknown.

OTHER RECREATIONAL USE - Unknown.

ACCESSIBILITY - This stream is accessible by driving 13.3 miles on a narrow, winding narrow, steep, dirt road on Redwood Products Road through two locked gates to the upper

## PIG PEN GULCH Mendocino County

creek crossing from Highway 20, 5.2 miles west of Willits. An alternate route is to travel 15.9 miles Highway 101 south of Willits out the Baechel Creek Rd. via Welch & Welch Road, via Martin Creek Road to lower creek crossing . Three locked gates must be passed through on this alternate route. OWNERSHIP- Frank Williams and the Redwood Products (Willits). POSTED OR OPEN - Locked gates are on the access road. The locks on the gates belong to Welch & Welch. Jack Lewis and the Redwood Products Co. IMPROVEMENTS - None observed. PAST STOCKING - Unknown. GENERAL ESTIMATE - This stream at present is in poor condition due to poor logging practices of past logging operations. Due to two barriers and lack of spawning gravel caused by heavy siltation, this stream is not used by anadromous fishes at present. RECOMMENDED MANAGEMENT - It is questionable if this stream is of great enough value to remove the logging debris and return it to a spawning and nursery ground for anadromous fishes. Combination of logging damages and low flow raise the question in this reasoning. Probably the cost of rehabilitation of this stream/relation to the number of fishes that would use this stream would require some amount of reasoning before the debris removing was undertaken.

SKETCH MAP - See attached.

REFERENCES AND MAPS - Personal observations and California Division of Forestry 1948 Mendocino County south half map.

JOHN S. DAY/S.NYE:cd

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