THE RESOURCES AGENCY OF CALIFORNIA Department of Fish and Game

STREAM SURVEY

	FILE FORM NO					
	Date <u>October 24. 1966</u> .					
NAMEMark West Creek	Sonoma					
STREAM SECTIONEntireFROMMouthTO	HeadwatersLENGTH:26 miles					
TRIBUTARY TORussian River	TWP8NR10WSEC31					
OTHER NAMESNone	RIVER SYSTEMRussian River					
SOURCES OF DATAPersonal observation & local residents						

EXTENT OF OBSERVATION Include: Name of Surveyor, Date LOCATION RELATION TO OTHER WATERS GENERAL DESCRIPTION Watershed Immediate Drainage Basin Altitude (Range) Gradient Width Depth Flow (Range) Velocity Bottom Spawning Areas Shelter **Barriers** Diversions Temperatures Food Aquatic Plants Winter Conditions Pollution Springs FISHES PRESENT AND SUCCESS OTHER VERTEBRATES FISHING INTENSITY OTHER RECREATIONAL USE

OWNERSHIP POSTED OR OPEN

ACCESSIBILITY

IMPROVEMENTS

PAST STOCKING GENERAL ESTIMATE RECOMMENDED MANAGEMENT

SKETCH MAP

EXTENT OF OBSERVATION - On July 18,19,20,21, 1965, Chuck Culley surveyed Mark West Creek on foot and by car.

RELATION TO OTHER WATERS - This stream has a large drainage and is important as a spawning and nursery area for steelhead trout.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION:

<u>Watershed & Immediate Drainage Basin</u> - Vegetation near the mouth is typical Redwood Forest. Most of the stream in the mid-section is bordered by cultivated fields and housing developments. The upper section is well forested with pines.

With the exception of the upper section, which is rather steep, the stream has a moderate gradient.

Altitude - Mouth at 0.0 feet to 40.0 feet, headwaters at 1,600 feet.

Gradient - Moderate, succession of pools and riffles.

Width - Average 11.0 feet.

Depth - Average depth 1.1 feet.

Flow - No records of maximum winter flows. Present flow at 0.60 cfs.

Velocity - Rapid, more than ½ foot/second.

Bottom - Mud - 2% Fine Rubble - 40%

Hardpan - 1% Coarse Rubble - 17%

Fine Gravel - 12% Boulders - 8%

Coarse Gravel - 20%

<u>Spawning Areas</u> - Good to excellant steelhead spawning areas. Approximately 3.2 miles of spawning grounds.

- Pools 1) Caused by: dugging action of current, undercut banks, and a few shallow rock jams.
 - 2) Size: Average length 16.7 feet
 Average width 7.1 feet
 Average depth 1.6 feet
 - 3) Frequency: Good. 50% pools/50% riffles
- <u>Shelter</u> Boulders, logs, undercut banks, aquatic plants, and overhaning terrestrial plants.
- Barriers 1) Large flashboard dam, 100 yards upstream from the Trenton-Healdsburg Road, 10-12 feet high and 20-25 feet wide. The water behind it contains a few catfish and many carp. Owner should be allowing more water to pass so that the portion of the stream just below the dam would have a greater flow, and thus reduce the marsh-like environment now present.

Diversions - 1) Pumping stations:

- a) 1500 feet downstream from Laughlin Road Bridge. Five inch pipe is diverting water for irrigation.
- b) 3000 feet below the same bridge a five inch pipe is diverting water for irrigation.
- c) 1.10 mile downstream of same bridge an eight inch pipe diverting water.

<u>Temperatures</u> - Air: 77°F

Water: 69°F at 1515 hours

Aquatic Plants - Mosses were common, on about ½ the rocks inspected.

<u>Winter Conditions</u> - High water scourings, etc., can not be used as indicators of the normal winter conditions due to past severe flooding in the area.

<u>Pollution</u> - Mark West Creek is severely polluted from the entrance of the Laguna de Santa Rosa on downstream to the mouth of Mark West Creek.

It seems quite evident to me, through personal observation, that the Sebastopol Sewage Farm is, at least in part, responsible for the pollution. Water samples could be tested to determine to what extent it is responsible.

The only other factor that I feel could be contributing to the present pollution problem is the use of the land directly adjacent to the Laguna de Santa Rosa. In the upper section, the banks are very marshy and cattle are allowed to stir up the muddy areas. In the lower section, the Laguna de Santa Rosa is nothing more than a deep ditch. This "ditch" contains a small farm pond just before entering Mark West Creek. This pond is stagnant and marshy and its banks are muddy due to cattle that are pastured directly adjacent to it. A dead cow was hung up on a fence stretching across Mark West Creek directly benearth the Trenton-Healdsburg Road bridge. (It is interesting to note that less than ½ mile downstream people were wading and bathing in this stream.)

The owner of the land immediately east of the Trenton-Healdsburg Road bridge complained very bitterly about the pollution problem. He stated that two years ago, his pond created by the large flashboard dam previously mentioned, yielded many steelhead trout, perch, and small mouth bass, but now only a few catfish and many large carp are caught.

Springs - None observed.

FISHES PRESENT AND SUCCESS:

	Lower Section		Middle Section			Upper Section	
	of Stream		of stream			of Stream	
	Roach S.	H. Trout	Roach	S. H. Tro	ut	Roach S. H	. Trout
Average #/100 ft	250	190	100	160			
Minimum Size			Adults	1.60"		Not	water
Maximum Size	Adults Fi	ngerlings	II .	5.50"		flow.	
Average Size	ш	ш	II .	2.26"			
			•			•	
	Stickleback	Sculpin	Sticklebac	k Sculpin	St	ickleback	Sculpin
Average #/100 ft	225	8	0	2			
Minimum Size		_					
Maximum Size	Adults	Adults					
Average Size							
			•		·		
Average #/100 fe	et for entire <u>l</u>	<u>live</u> stream	: Trout 1	75/100	feet	-	
			Roach 2	37/100	feet		
Sticklebacks 100/100 feet							

Total number of steelhead trout inhabiting live portions of the stream: 1,421,000.

Figures on numbers derived from Braille seinings, and cresol samplings. Natural propagation success is considered good.

 $\underline{\text{OTHER VERTEBRATES}}$ - Frogs and cattle were abundant in the lower 1/8th portion of the stream.

FISHING INTENSITY - Medium to light, mostly light because of private property.

OTHER RECREATIONAL USES - None.

ACCESSIBILITY - Refer to attached map.

OWNERSHIP - Mostly private.

POSTED OR OPEN - Mostly posted.

<u>IMPROVEMENTS</u> - The pollution problem arising from the Laguna de Santa Rosa should be investigated and resolved.

PAST STOCKING - Unknown.

GENERAL ESTIMATE - In the lower 2/3rds of the length of the stream are found; spawning beds for steelhead, important nursery grounds for the same trout. The upper 1/3 of the stream is, for all practicable purposes, dry.

<u>RECOMMENDED MANAGEMENT</u> - This stream should be managed as a fairly important steelhead spawning stream, and as an important steelhead trout nursery area.

SKETCH MAP - Attached.

REFERENCES AND MAPS - U.S.G.S. QUADS, Camp Meeker, Sebastopol, Mark West Springs, and Calistoga. The Visitor's Map of Sonoma County, California.









